

Village of Sturtevant

Community Development Department
Office of Building Safety



Ordinance #10.00

Section #.03 (6)

Wis Stats. 66.0407

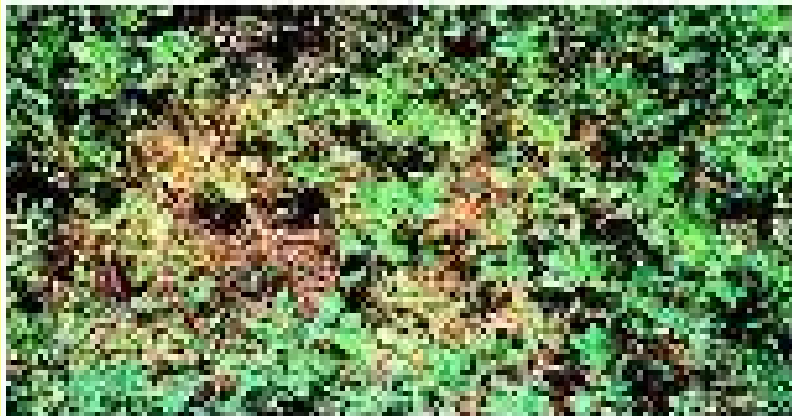
Canada Thistle

(*Cirsium Arvense*)

- Creeping rooted perennial grows erect; stalkless dark green leaves with irregular spiny lobes; flowerheads spineless and small compared to other thistles; flowers variable in color from rose-purple to pink to white.



Dodders (Cuscuta)



- Annual parasitic plant having no leaves or green parts also called **strangleweed** for the thread-like yellow to orange twining stems that coil around and attach to host plants with wart-like suckers
- can produce over 16,000 seeds per plant that can remain viable for over 60 years.

Mustards

(brassica or sinapis)

- Annual with stiff hairs, at least near base of stem; undersurface of leaves hairy on veins; bright yellow flowers; seedpods produced on thick stalks; ribbed lengthwise, up to 2" long with a constricted beak
- included are charlock, black mustard and indian mustard



Wild Carrot (daucus carota)

- Also known as **Queen Anne's Lace**
- erect, biennial herb; leaves basal and alternate, 2-pinnately divided with narrow segments; flowers small, white in a terminal, umbrella-shaped cluster; fruit small, dry, ribbed, with bristly hairs



Bindweed (*convolvulus arvensis*)



- Creeping-rooted perennial from Europe often called **morning-glory;** vine-like stems trail on the ground or twine counter-clockwise around supports; arrow shaped leaves with sharp-pointed or rounded basal lobes; funnel-shaped white to light pink flowers 1' across.
- Roots can penetrate extensively in soil; seeds can remain viable for up to 50 years.

Perennial Sowthistle (*sonchus arvensis*)

- A creeping rooted perennial; stems branch near top; leaves with weak marginal prickles clasp the stem; plants contain a bitter milky juice; upper stalks and flower bracts usually covered in gland-tipped hairs; yellow flowers up to 2' broad.



Hoary Alysum (*berteroa incana*)

- Annual to short-lived perennial in the Mustard Family grows erect; the whole plant is covered with star-shaped hairs; upper leaves are elliptic and clasp the stem; whit flowers with deeply notched petals; oval seedpods are 1/2" long, somewhat flattened and held close to the stem



Ragweed

(ambrosia elatior)

- Ragweed is an annual plant reaching 1- 4 feet in height in height. Plant stems are rough, hairy, erect and branched. Leaves are smooth and cut into several lobes (similar to a fern). Male flowers are small inverted clusters at branch terminals. Female flowers are born at the base of leaves. Flowering occurs during the months of June-August



Poison Ivy

(*Rhus toxicodendron*)



- Erect shrub, or most often climbing or trailing; leaves alternate, with 3 leaflets, each smooth margined or shallowly lobed; flowers small in axillary clusters; fruit a smooth, yellow drupe.

Poison Sumac

(*toxicodendron vernix*)



- Shrub; leaves alternate, pinnately divided with 7-13 leaflets, the leaf stalk reddish; flowers small in axillary clusters; fruit a smooth, yellow drupe.